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- Substituted N-benzylpiperidine amides.
- The present invention encompasses substituted N-benzylpiperidine amides of formula I

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with all the substituents R¹, R², R³, n and X as defined in the description as well as pharmaceutical compositions thereof.

These novel compounds are pharmacologically useful in the treatment of cardiac arrhythmias.

SUBSTITUTED N-BENZYLPIPERIDINE AMIDES

Background of the Invention

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The present invention provides novel compounds, novel compositions, methods of their use and methods of their manufacture, such compounds pharmacologically useful in the treatment of cardiac arrhythmias. More specifically, the compounds of the present invention are Class III antiarrhythmic agents which, by effectively prolonging repolarization of a cardiac cell action potential, can be used effectively to treat certain cardiac arrhythmias.

Antiarrhythmic drugs have been grouped together according to the pattern of electrophysiological effects that they produce and/or their presumed mechanisms of action. Thus, Class I antiarrhythmic agents are characterized by being sodium channel blockers, Class II antiarrhythmic agents are beta-adrenergic blockers, Class III antiarrhythmic agents prolong repolarization, and Class IV antiarrhythmic agents are calcium channel blockers.

Currently, there are very few Class III antiarrhythmic agents available for theraputic use. Among them is bretylium. Bretylium's usefulness is limited, however, and currently its theraputic use is reserved for life-threatening ventricular arrhythmias that are refractory to other therapy. Thus, bretylium's use is generally confined to intensive care units. It is an object of this invention to provide Class III antiarrhythmic agents of broader theraputic use than existing Class III antiarrhythmic agents.

Summary of the Invention

The invention relates to novel compounds of the general formula I:

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and the pharmaceutically acceptable non-toxic salts thereof, and the hydrated forms thereof, wherein R1 is alkenyl or alkynyl of from one to ten carbon atoms; substituted or unsubstituted aralkenyl or aralkynyl of from one to ten carbon atoms and wherein said aryl substituent is one or more of alkoxy, nitro, halogen or alkylsulfonamide at any position with alkoxy or alkylsulfonamide of one to ten carbon atoms; arylamino; aryl fused to substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkyl of from three to eight carbon atoms wherein said cycloalklyl substituent can be halogen; arylcycloalkyl wherein cycloalkyl is from three to eight carbon atoms; substituted or unsubstituted benzofuranyl wherein said benzofuranyl substituent can be one or more of halogen, amino, nitro or alkoxy of from one to ten carbon atoms or alkylsulfonamido wherein the alkyl portion is 1 to 4 carbon atoms at any position; substituted or unsubstituted benzopyran wherein said substituent can be keto; thiophene; benzothiophene; substituted or unsubstituted indene or isoindene wherein said substituent is alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms; or substituted or unsubstituted unsaturated cycloheteroalkenyl wherein the cyclohetero ring consists of 4 to 6 carbon atoms wherein one or two of the said carbon atoms are replaced by nitrogen or oxygen and the substituents are selected from the group consisting of alkyl of from one to ten carbon atoms, halogen, amino, alkoxy of from one to ten carbon atoms or alkylcarboxylate wherein the alkyl is 1 to 6 carbon atoms; substituted or unsubstituted unsaturated cycloheteroalkynyl wherein the cyclohetero ring consists of 4 to 6 carbon atoms wherein one or two of the

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said carbon atoms are replaced by nitrogen or oxygen and the substituents are the same as those already described for the unsaturated cycloheteroalkenyl; with the proviso that when R² is alkyl of 1 to 10 carbon atoms or oxygen R¹ can also be aryl or substituted aryl wherein said aryl substituent is one or more of alkyl of from one to ten carbon atoms, halogen, amino or alkoxy of from one to ten carbon atoms.

5 n is an integer of from one to ten;

R² is unsubstituted or is alkyl of from one to ten carbon atoms or oxygen that is present as an N-oxide; R³ is hydrogen, carboxyalkyl of from one to ten carbon atoms or alkoxycarbonylalkyl of from one to ten carbon atoms;

is hydrogen; pyridinyl; cycloalkyl of three to eight carbon atoms or hydroxy substituted cycloalkyl of three to eight carbon atoms; furanyl; or unsubstituted or substituted phenyl wherein said phenyl substituent is one or more of alkyl, halogen substituted alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms, alkoxy from one to ten carbon atoms, nitro, amino, mono or dialkylamine, acetyl amine, acetylamide, halogen, alkylsulfonamido wherein the alkyl portion is 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy itself substituted by halogen substituted phenyl or aryalkoxy of from one to ten carbon atoms in length wherein aryl may be substituted by halogen or alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms in length.

The compounds and pharmaceutical compositions thereof are useful in the antiarrhythmic methods of the invention. The invention further provides dosage unit forms adapted for oral, topical and parenteral administration. Also provided for in this invention are the pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the compounds.

Detailed Description of the Invention

As used herein, the term "alkyl" shall mean straight or branched chain carbon-carbon linkages of from one to ten carbon atoms. "Alkenyl" shall have the same meaning, except that one or more double bonds may be present therein. "Alkynyl" shall have the same meaning, except that one or more triple bonds may be present therein.

"Alkoxy" shall include alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl, as defined above, substituted by an epoxide oxygen.

"Aralkyl" shall include alkyl, alkenyl and alkynyl, as defined above, substituted by an aryl group, which is defined below.

As used herein, the expression "aryl" is defined as phenyl. The term "substituted aryl" shall include phenyl substituted by alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms. The term "alkyloxyaryl" is defined to include alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and aryl which may be unsubstituted phenyl or phenyl substituted by alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms. The term "cycloalkyl" is defined to include cyclic alkyl carbon-carbon linkages of three to eight carbon atoms.

The term "benzodioxole" is defined to mean the substituent of the formula

"Halogen" shall include fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine.

The term "alkylsulfonamido" shall mean a radical of the formula

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with the understanding that the alkyl portion of the radial may be expanded to 4 carbon atoms.

The term "cardiac arrhythmia" is defined to mean any variation from the normal rhythm of the heartbeat, including, without limitation, sinus arrhythmia, premature heartbeat, heartblock, fibrillation, flutter, pulsus alternans, tachycardia, paroxysmal tachycardia and premature ventricular contractions.

The term "repolarization of cardiac cells" is defined as those phases of a cardiac action potential during which time a depolarized cardiac cell is reverting to normal pre-polarization transmembrane voltage.

The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" refers to non-toxic salts of the compounds of this invention which are generally prepared by reacting the free base with a suitable organic or inorganic acid. Representative salts include the hydrochloride, hydroiodic, hydrobromide, sulfate, bisulfate, acetate, oxalate, valerate, oleate, palmitate, stearate, laurate, borate, benzoate, lactate, phosphate, tosylate, citrate, maleate, fumarate, succinate, tartrate, napsylate, clavulanate, methanepercxoate and the like salts.

Compounds of the invention can be prepared readily according to the following reaction scheme or modifications thereof using readily available starting materials, reagents and conventional synthesis procedures. In these reactions, it is also possible to make use of variants which are in themselves known, but are not mentioned in greater detail. R¹, R², R³ and



are as defined above. Y is any suitable leaving group, such as halogen, mesylate or tosylate. COZ represents a suitable acylating agent such as a carboxylic acid chloride, a carboxylic acid activated as the mixed anydride, or the carboxylic ester activated by alkylaluminum reagents.

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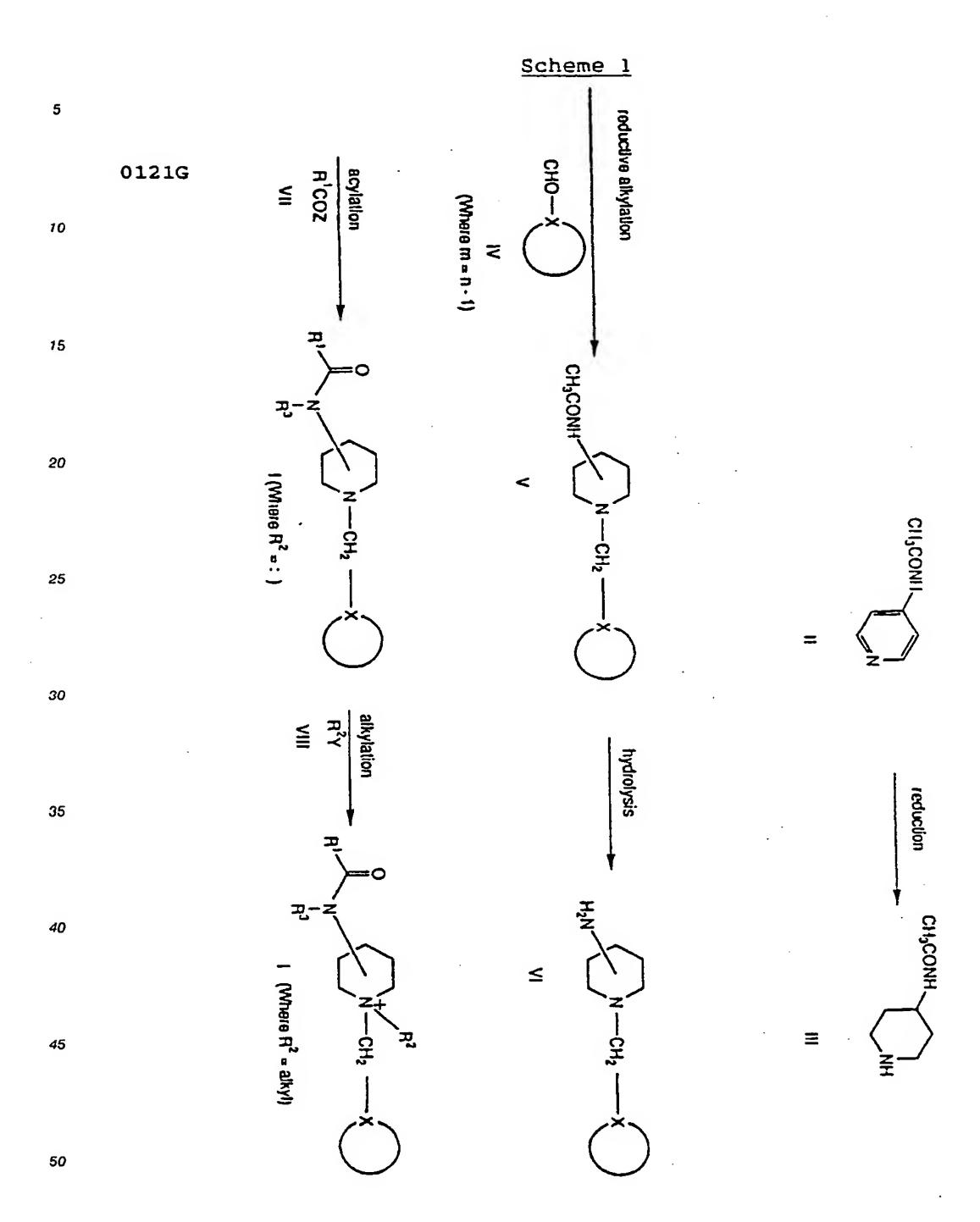
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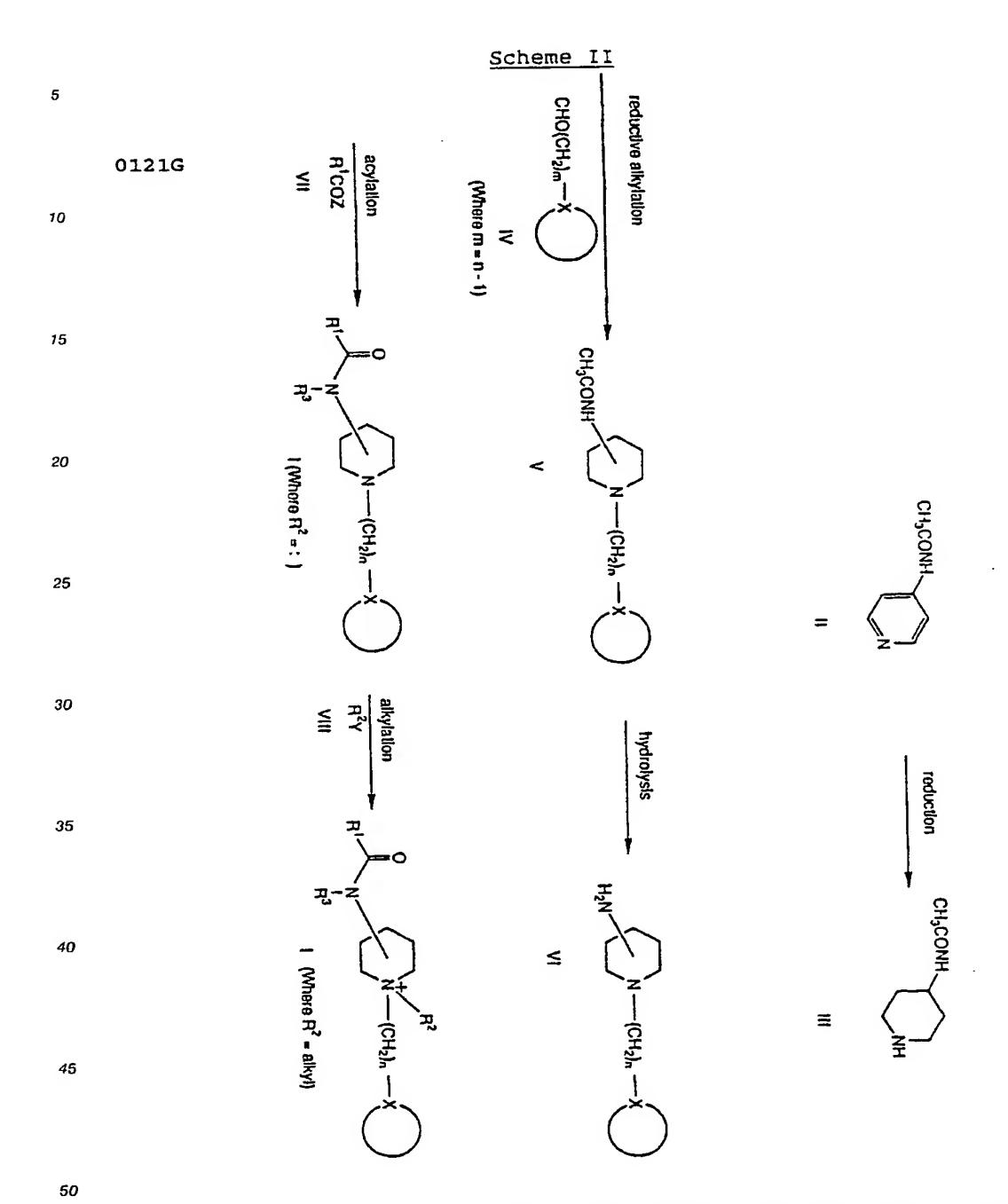
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Reduction of 4-acetamidopyridine Formula II affords 4-acetamido-piperidine Formula III. A method for the preparation of 4-acetamidopiperidine III involves the reduction of 4-acylamino N-benzyl pyridinium compounds by alkali metal hydrides or catalytic hydrogenation of the aromatic ring with debenzylation as described in EP 1,537,867 (G.O. Weston) and EP 1,345,872 (J.L. Archibald and J.F. Cavalla) the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference. Preferred reduction conditions employ a ruthenium on carbon catalyst in a solvent such as alcohol, tetra hydrofuran, (THF), or acetic acid under an atmosphere of hydrogen. Subsequent reductive alkylation of the piperidine Formula III with aldehydes Formula IV provides the N-alkylated intermediates Formula V. Preferred conditions employ Pt/C catalyst in an inert solvent such

as alcohol, THF, or acetic acid under an atmosphere of hydrogen. Alternative preferred conditions employ borane-pyridine complex as the reducing agent at room temperature in alcohol, acetic acid or methylene chloride. Hydrolysis of the amide bond of acetamides Formula V provides amine intermediates Formula VI. Although hydrolysis may be effected in acid or base, the preferred method employs hydrolysis in 1.2 M HCl at 100 °C. Alternative preferred acylating conditions leading to amides I (R² = lone pair) employ COZ, which can be a carboxylic acid chloride, a carboxylic acid activated as the mixed anhydride, or the carboxylic ester activated by alkylaluminum reagents.

The intermediates Formula I are subsequently converted to the quaternary salts Formula I (where R² is not an unshared valence bond) by N-alkylating reagents R²X Formula VIII (where X is a suitable leaving group such as halogen, mesylate, or tosylate) in an inert solvent. Preferred alkylation conditions employ acetonitrile as the solvent at room temperature.

The compounds of the present invention can be administered in such oral dosage forms as tablets, capsules, pills, powders, granules, elixers, tinctures, suspensions, syrups and emulsions. Likewise, it can also be administered in intravenous, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular form, all using forms known to those of ordinary skill in the pharmaceutical arts. In general, the preferred form of administration is oral. An effective but non-toxic amount of the compound is employed in the treatment of arrhythmias of the heart. The dosage regimen utilizing the compound of the present invention is selected in accordance with a variety of factors including the type, species, age, weight, sex and medical condition of the patient; with the severity of the condition to be treated; the route of administration; the renal and hepatic function of the patient; and the particular compound employed or salt thereof. An ordinarily skilled veterinarian or physician can readily determine and prescribe the effective amount of the drug required to prevent, treat or arrest the progress of the condition.

Oral dosages of the compounds of the present invention, when used for the indicated cardiac effects, will range between about 0.1mg per kilogram of body weight per day (mg/kg/day) to about 1000 mg/kg/day and preferably 1.0 to 100 mg/kg/day. Advantageously, the compounds of the present invention can be administered in a single daily dose or the total daily dosage can be administered in divided doses of two, three or four times daily.

In the pharmaceutical compositions and methods of the present invention, the compounds described in detail below will form the active ingredient that will typically be administered in admixture with suitable pharmaceutical diluents, excipients or carriers (collectively referred to herein as "carrier" materials) suitably selected with respect to the intended form of administration, that is, oral tablets, capsules, elixers, syrups and the like, and consistent with conventional pharmaceutical practices.

For instance, for oral administration in the form of tablets or capsules, the active drug component can be combined with an oral non-toxic pharmaceutically acceptable inert carrier such as lactose, starch, sucrose, glucose, methylcellulose, magnesium stearate, dicalcium phosphate, calcium sulfate, mannitol, sorbitol and the like; for oral administration in liquid form, the active drug components can be combined with any oral non-toxic pharmaceutically acceptable inert carrier such as ethanol, glycerol, water, and the like. In the case of oral administration and in liquid form, suitable flavoring carriers can be added such as cherry syrup and the like. Moreover, when desired or necessary, suitable binders, lubricants, disintegrating agents and coloring agents can also be incorporated into the mixture. Suitable binders include starch, gelatin, natural sugars such as glucose or beta-lactose, corn sweeteners, natural and synthetic gums such as acacia, tragacanth, or sodium alginate, carboxymethylcellulose, polyethylene glycol and various waxes. Lubricants for use in these dosage forms include magnesium stearate, sodium benzoate, sodium acetate, sodium stearate, sodium chloride, sodium oleate and the like. Disintegrators include, without limitation, starch, methylcellulose, agar, bentonite, xanthan gum and the like.

The compounds of this invention can also be administered by intravenous route in doses ranging from 0.01 to 10 mg/kg/day.

Furthermore, it is also contemplated that the invention can be administered in an intranasal form topically via the use of suitable intranasal vehicles, or via transdermal routes, using those forms of transdermal skin patches well known to those of ordinary skill in that art. In the case of transdermal skin patch administration, daily dosage is continuous via the transdermal delivery system rather than divided, as in an oral delivery system.

The compounds of this invention exhibit antiarrythmic activity useful in the treatment of various cardiac arrhythmias. The test procedures employed to measure this activity of the compounds of the present invention are described below.

Guinea pigs, of either sex weighing between 200-350 g, are acutely sacrificed and the right ventricular papillary muscle is isolated. A sample of a given test compound is added using an in vitro tissue bath.

5 Concentrations used are generally 3 x 10⁻⁵M, but may also be as low as 3 x 10⁻⁷M. Changes in refractory period are measured before and after adding 1 concentration (usually 3 x 10⁻⁵M, as noted above) of a test compound to the bath. One hour is allowed for drug equilibration. A compound is considered active (Class III) if an increase in ventricular refractory period is 25msec or more (at 3 x 10⁻⁵M.

	Compound	Results Concentration (M)	Change (msec)
	H ₂ 0		8
15	Disopyramide	3×10^{-5}	20
	Clofinium	3×10^{-5}	24
	Sotalol	3×10^{-5}	35
	Example 19	1×10^{-6}	25
	Example 20	1×10^{-6}	40
20	Example 21	3×10^{-5}	190
	Example 24	3×10^{-5}	60
	Example 25	3×10^{-5}	60
	Example 26	3×10^{-5}	90

			R	esults			
	Compound		once	ntration	(M)	Change (1	nsec)
5				-6			
	Example		3 x	10-6		60	
	Example	87	3 x	10-6		59	
	Example	30	3 x	10-6		80	
	Example	36	3 x	10-6		5.5	
10	Example	37	3 x	10 ⁻⁵		3.9	
	Example		3 x	10 ⁻⁵		155	5
	Example		3 x	10-5		125	5
	Example	41	3 x	10-6		70	
	Example		3 x	10-6		60)
15	Example	44	3 x	10-6		4 (כ
	Example		3 x	10 ⁻⁶		95	5
	Example		3 x	10-6		75	5
	Example		3 x	10-6		50)
	Example	58	3 x	10 ⁻⁶		60)
20	Example	60	3 x	10 ⁻⁶		25	5
	Example		3 x	10-6		3.5	5
	Example	64	3 x	10 ⁻⁵		85	5
	Example	66	3 x	10 ⁻⁵		45	5
	Example	69	3 x	10-5		25	5
25	Example	70	→3 x	10-5		4 ()
	Example	72	3 x	10 ⁻⁵		50)
	Example		3 x	10-5		60)
	Example	77	1 x	10-6		60)
	Example	78	3 x	10-6		50)
30	Example	80	3 x	10-5		115	5
	Example	82	3 x	10-6		55	5
	Example	4	3 x	10 ⁻⁵		35	5
	Example	7	3 x	10-6		30)
	Example		1 x	10 ⁻⁵		4.5	5
35	Example	93	3 x	10 ⁻⁵		55	5
	Example	94	3 x	10-6		4 ()
	Example	96	3 X	10-6		55	5
	Example	97	3 x	10 ⁻⁵		55	5
•	Example		3 x	10-6		109	5
40	Example	90	3 x	10-6		50)
	Example		3 x	10-6		65	5
	Example	109	3 x	10 ⁻⁵		5.5	5

The following non-limiting examples further illustrate details for the preparation of the compounds of the present invention. Those skilled in the art will readily understand that known variations of the conditions and processes of the following preparative procedures can be used to prepare these compounds. All termperatures are degrees Celsius unless otherwise noted. Melting points were determined on a Thomas-Hoover Unimelt Capillary Apparatus and are not corrected. Unless otherwise noted, I.R. and NMR spectra were consistent with the assigned structure.

EXAMPLE 2

Preparation of 4-acetamidopyridine acetate II

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4-Aminopyridine (101.28 g) and acetic anhyride (110 g) were mixed neat and heated at 100° C for 1/2 h. The solidified reaction mixture was triturated with acetone, filtered off, and washed with ether to afford 186.48 g of II as a white solid in two crops. Anal. calcd for C₉H₁₂N₂O₃: C, 55.09; H, 6.16; N, 14.26. Found: C, 55.04; H, 5.96; N, 15.22.

EXAMPLE 3

Preparation of 4-acetamidopiperidine acetate III

A solution of the product of Example 2 (75 g) in 750 mL acetic acid was reduced over PtO₂ catalyst at 60 psi hydrogen atmosphere at 60°C for 7 hours. The solution was filtered, concentrated and triturated with ether to afford the title compound quantitatively as a white solid which was used directly in subsequent reactions.

EXAMPLE 4

Preparation of 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl-4-acetamido-piperidine

A mixture of 10 g amine acetate from Example 3 and 13.48 g 4-methoxy benzaldehyde was hydrogenated in 100 mL ethanol over a Pt/C catalyst at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction mixture ws filtered and concentrated to give 74.0 g of the acetate salt of the title compound as a white solid which was hydrolyzed directly as described in Example 4. (An alternative reductive amination procedure is described in Example 5). Conversion of a sample to the free base using aqueous base and ethyl acetate extraction provided a white solid after solvent evaporation and trituration with ether: mp 140-142° C; Anal. calcd for C₁₅H₂₂N₂O₂: C, 68.67; H, 8.45; N, 10.68. Found: C, 65.26; H, 8.60; N, 10.77.

EXAMPLE 5

Preparation of 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl-4-amino piperidine

A) A solution of 50 g of the product of Example 4 was dissolved in 500 mL of 1.2 N HCl and heated at 100 °C for 8 h. The solution was made alkaline with 50% aq. NaOH and extracted three times with ether. The combined organic layers were washed with water and saturated brine, dried over sodium sulfate, and concentrated to give the title compound as 28 g of clear oil which was used without further purification.

B) (Alternative general reductive alkylation procedure) A solution of 50 mmol amine acetate (product of Example 3) and 100 mmol of 4-methoxybenzaldehyde in 125 mL methylene chloride and 15 mL acetic acid 15 was treated with 50 mmol of borane-pyridine complex and allowed to stir at room temperature overnight. The removal of volatiles by rotary evaporation afforded the acetamide of Example 4 as an oil which was dissolved in 300 mL of 1.2 N HCl and heated overnight on a steam bath. The cooled reaction mixture was extracted once with a 50 mL portion of ethyl acetate which was discarded. The aqueous layer was made basic with aq. NaOH and extracted three times with 50 mL ether. The combined layers were washed with water and dried over sodium sulfate. Solvent removal afforded the title compound as a crude oil (yield typically 60-70% for two steps) which was used directly without further purification.

EXAMPLE 6

General acylation procedures

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A) 10 mmol of the amine of Example 5 is dissolved in a mixture of 25 mL chloroform and 11 mmol of triethylamine cooled to 0 °C. A solution of 11 mmol of the acyl chloride neat or dissolved in 25 mL chloroform is added dropwise and the reaction mixture is allowed to stir for 1 h . Volatiles are removed in vacuo and the residue is partitioned between dilute aqueous base and ethyl acetate. Drying of the ethyl acetate extract and evaporation leads to the crude product which is optionally purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using 92.5: 7: 0.5 chloroform: ethanol: ammonium hydroxide and crystallized from ethyl acetate/hexane or converted to the HCI sait using dioxane/HCI followed by recrystallization from methanol/ether.

B) A stirred solution of 10 mmol acylating acid in 25 mL chloroform is treated with 10 mmol of triethylamine followed by 10 mmol of isobutyl chloroformate. After 10 minutes at ambient temperature the amine of Example 5 was added and the reaction is allowed to stir for 1/2 h. The reaction mixture is washed with 10% NaOH solution and the organic layer is dried and evaporated to give a residue which is optionally purified by flash chromatography on silica gel using 92.5:7:0.5 chloroform:ethanol:ammonium hydroxide recrystallized from ethyl acetate converted to the HCl salt using dioxane/HCl followed by recrystallization from methanol/ether.

Example 7

Preparation of quaternary salt

A solution of 200 mg of the amide of Example 6 in 5 mL acetone was treated with 4 drops of iodomethane. The reaction mixture was stirred for 18 h and the white crystalline precipitate was filtered off to afford 206 mg of white solid which was recrystallized from acetonitrile to give 128 mg of quaternary iodide as fluffy white needles, mp 236-237 C.

Example 8

5 Preparation of N-oxide

A solution of 0.50 g of the amide of Example 6 in 10 mL CH₂Cl₂ was treated with 300 mg of m-chloroperoxybenzoic acid at 0°C. After 1 h the solution was washed consecutively with 10mL 1N NaOH, water, and sat'd. brine. The solution was dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated to afford 0.51 g of white solid which was recrystallized from CH₂Cl₂/ethyl acetate to give 0.33 g of an N-oxide as a white powder, mp 200.5-202.5°C.

Examples 9 through 91

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Using the procedures of Examples 2 through 8 and making the appropriate substitutions at positions R¹, R², R³, and

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the following products were obtained as presented below. The formula which precedes Example 9 specifies the moiety at R¹, R², R³ and



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the number of methylenes represented by n, the compound's melting point range in degrees Celsius (where available) and the compound's elemental analysis.

Again using the procedures of Examples 2 through 8 and making the appropriate substitutions at positions R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ of the general formula which is presented at the beginning of Example 92, the products of Examples 92 through 108 were obtained.

All piperidinyls are 4-piperidinyl unless otherwise noted.

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5 5 10 15 20 25 155.5-158 155-157 168-169.5 35 C,,,,,,0N2O2 C191123N3O . C161328130 C26112021142O2 C101121130 C1011211130 C181121N3O Analysis 40

For Examples 9 to 91 the Following Structure Applys

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5	21	8	19	18	17	16	Example
10					- CH ₃		בּ
15			<u>\</u>				ಸ್ನ
20							~
25		~	I	Ξ	=	Ξ	ಸ್ತ
30							×
35	- CH ₃	-CH ₂)—CH ₃)—CH ₃)— CH ₃	0—СН3	
40	1 136-138	1 135-137	1 142-143	1 136-137	1 137-140	1 170-171	n mp, deg. C
45							C
50	C22H24N2O3	C221126N2O2	C ₂₃ H ₂₈ N ₂ O ₂	$C_{18}H_{22}N_2O_3$	C ₁₅ H ₂₂ N ₂ O ₂	C ₂₀ H ₃₀ N ₂ O ₂	Analysis

5	27	26	25	24	ß	8	Example
10	CH ₃		IZ		S	Z	٦_
15	ي .	G. G					H ²
20		•					
25	x	I	=	Ξ	=	=	ಸ್ಪ
30							*
35)—CH ₃)—CH ₃)—CH ₃)— СН ₃	0—0113	0—СН ₃	
	N	-	~			-	Þ
40	162-164	134-137	210-211	200-202	161-162		mp, deg. C
45	Cic	Ç	C 25	C ₂ ;	<u>c</u>	C	>
50	C161124N2O2	C ₂₄ H ₃₂ N ₂ O ₄	C ₁₉ H ₂₄ N ₂ O ₂	C23H24N2O4	C181122N2O25	C ₁₉ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₂	Analysis

5	33	32	<u>u</u>	30	29	28	Example
10							, "
15			<	S. S.		•	
20		•					n²
25	Ι	=	I	I	I	Ξ	ກູ
30							×
35	-0(СН ₂₎₂ СН ₃	—О— (СН ₂) ₂ СН ₃	—0—(СН ₂) ₂ СН ₃	—0—CH ₃	—о—сн _э		
40	-4		-	A		<u> </u>	3
45	132-134	122-124	156-158	135-137	140-141	178.5-179.5	mp, deg. C
50	C24H28N2O3	C ₂₀ H ₂₆ N ₂ O ₃	C ₂₄ H ₃₀ N ₂ O ₂	C23H28N2O2	C ₂₂ H ₂₄ N ₂ O ₃	C ₁₈ H ₂₂ N ₂ O ₂	Analysis
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5 39 35 **8** 10 \Box 15 고 20 25 I 工 30 × -0-CH₃ -0-CH3 -0-CH3 -0-CII3 -0-CH₃ -0-CH₃ 35 40 126-128 140-142 148-149 158-160 156-158 тр, дед. С 45 C_{2.3}H₂₆N₂O₂ C22H24N2O2S $C_{22}H_{23}CIN_2O_3$ C241128N2O5 C23H26N2O4+IICI Analysis C₂₂H₂₃CIN₂O₃ 50

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5	∆ i	44	යි	42	4	80	Example
10		, .	CH ₃ O		<u></u>		
15	Z	Z Z					ת
20							Π^2
25	=	=		I	I	Z	ח
30							×
35	—0—сн _з	0—CI+3	0-CH ₃	—о—сн _з	0—CI-I ₃	0—CH ₃	
40	-4	-				-	ם
45	150-152	145-147	147-149	146-148	O <u>i</u>	270-272	mp, deg. C
50	C21H25N3O2	C ₂₀ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₂	C ₂₃ H ₂₈ N ₂ O ₃	C ₂₃ H ₂₈ N ₂ O ₃	C ₂₂ I I ₂₅ N ₂ O ₂ -HCI	C ₂₃ I I ₂₄ N ₂ O ₄ -I ICI	Analysis
55		~			$\overline{\Omega}$	Ω	

Example 8 8 49 5 10 ⊐_ 15 \mathbb{R}^2 20 25 I 30 × -0-CH₃ -о-сн_з -0-CH₃ —о—сн_з -0-CH₃ -0-CH₃ 35 40 **¬** 92-96 141-143 mp, deg. C 125-127 131-133 142-144 134.5-135 45 C22H26N2O3 C23H28N2O2+ICI $C_{23}H_{28}N_2O_2$ Analysis C23H30N2O2+HCI C22H28N2O2 $C_{23}H_{26}N_2O_3$ 50

5 ጂ 52 8 57 8 10 15 20 ಫ್ಯ 25 $\beth_{\mathfrak{J}}$ 工 = I I エ エ 30 **)**—О—СН₃ —0—СН -0-CH₃ -0-CH₃ -o-сн_з -0-CH₃ 35 40 3 mp, deg. C 197-199 190-192 210-212 142-143 133-135 45 C₂₁H₂₆N₂O₂ C22H25N3O4 C221123N3O5 Analysis C17H24N2O2 C22H24Cl2N2O2 C₁₈H₂₁BrN₂O₃ C241130N2O2 50

5	65	2	23	R	61	8	59	Example
10	\(\frac{\omega}{\omega}\)		CH ₃		CH ₃	H ₂ C-S-NH) II.
15							°\	72,
20						•	-	
25	I	I	- 	I	I	I	=	ສູ
30	0-0-	CO	CI	NO ₂	NO ₂			×
35	~CH ₃					CH ₃		
	-	←A	-	-			_	3
40	157-159	137-139	162-164	155-157	143-144	215-218	155-157	mp, deg. C
45							•	
50	C24H30N2O2	C211121CIN2O2	C14H19CIN2O	C21H21N3O4	C14H19N3O3	C23H29N3O4S	C21H22N2O3	Analysis

	72	71	70	69	8	67	66	Example
5								
10		CH ₃		CH ₃	CH ₃			7.
15	0						СН3	72
20								
25	.	ェ	Ξ	I	=	エ	I	n ₃
30			(3-piperidyl)	(3-piperidyl)	Z			×
35	0—0H3	2	0—СН ₃	0—СН ₃)— CH ₃	
40		-4	⊸					ב
45	200.5-202.5		114-115	103-105	163-164.5	184-185.5	236-237	mp, deg. C
50	C ₂₂ H ₂₄ N ₂ O ₄	C15H22N2O2	C ₂₂ H ₂₄ N ₂ O ₃	C ₁₅ H ₂₂ N ₂ O ₂	C19H19N3O	C21H28N2O2	C ₂₃ H ₂₆ N ₂ O ₃ -HI	Analysis

5									
	80	79		77	76	75	74	73	Example
10	H _N N	N _V O					Ci-j		
15									
20			•						ਸ੍ਰ
25	Ι	I	I		I	x	I	=	7.
30		-0-	S. S. O. S.	-0-	0-01	+IIN	NI	I	*
35	-CH ₃	-CH ₃	CH ²	-CH ²	<u></u>	O=C_CT	O=C CH ₃		
40	-	-			-			-	ລ .
40	98-100	189-190		·		230-232	145-147		mp, deg. C
45 .	•	_							
50 .	C ₂₂ H ₂₇ N ₃ O ₃ ·2(HCI)	C ₂₂ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₅	C ₂₃ H ₂₇ N ₃ O _{2*} 2(HCI)	C23H26N2O4	C ₂₂ H ₂₅ CIN ₂ O ₃	$C_{23}H_{25}N_3O_3$	C161423N3O2 •C11000H	C ₁₅ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂	Analysis

5		89	88	87	86	83	84	83	82	81	Example
10	þ				CH ₃					СН	n,
15	(CI-)			~ (Ť	~	Ť	Ţ		n²
20		=	=	=	I	Ξ	I	- сн ₂ со ₂ н	- CH2CO2CH5CH5	=	773
25 30											×
35		-осн	-CF ₃	-0—CH ₃		OE .	-୦—୯୳ _ଅ	-O—СН ₃	-0—CI l ₃	୍ଦ୍ର ଜ	
				-	one A	1 198.	1 152	→	-	1 (subsituted by CO ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃₎	n mp, deg. C
40					0	198-200 C	152-153 C	Ç	ç	O	
45		C21H27N2O3	C ₂₀ H ₂₂ N ₂ OF ₃	C ₂₂ H ₂₈ N ₂ O ₂	C121-110N2O2	C21H22N2O3	C24H30N2O2	C241126N2O5	C ₂₆ H ₃₁ CIN ₂ O ₅	C ₁₇ H ₂₄ N ₂ O ₃	Analysis
50											

Examplo 5 10 15 = = 20 25 30 × 35 40 mp, deg. C 45 50 $^{\mathrm{C}}_{21}^{\mathrm{H}}_{20}^{\mathrm{N}}_{4}^{\mathrm{O}}_{6}$ $C_{21}H_{21}N_{3}O_{4}$

5		1 [184						
10	97	96	95	94 .	93	92	Example	
15		\sum_{Ω}					R.	
20	CH ₃					`	R2	HN C=0
25	4-0CH ₃	4-ОСН ₃	4-0CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	4-0CH ₃	3,4(OCH ₃) ₂	4.OCH ₃	R³, R⁴	H——, 12 (C112),——
30			→	N		-	ם	R. B.
35	218-220	135-138	155-157	171-172	154-155	154-156	mp. deg. C	
40	C21H27IN2O2	C ₂₀ H ₂₂ Cl ₂ N ₂ O ₂	C ₂₂ H ₂₈ N ₂ O ₂	C21H26N2O2	C ₂₁ H ₂₆ N ₂ O ₃	C21H24N2O4	Analysis	
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For Examples 92 to 108 the Following Structure Applys

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	102	101	100	66 .	98	Example
10						Ą
15	·			OCH ₃	`	•
20			-			Ħ2
25	4-0CH ₃		4-0CH ₂ —	4-0CH ₃	4 CF ₃	H ³ , H ⁴
20	•		Q	-		
30						ם
35	157-159	166-168		⊙ .	203.5-204.5	mp, deg. C
40	C ₂₀ +	C 19t	C ₂₆	C ₂₁		
4 5	C ₂₀ H ₂₄ N ₂ O ₂	C19H22N2O	C ₂₆ H ₂₇ CIN ₂ O ₂	C ₂₁ H ₂₆ N ₂ O ₃	C ₂₀ H ₂₁ F ₃ N ₂ O	Analysis

5	107	106	105	104	103	Example
10						25
15						•
20	-					H ²
25	4-0CH ₃		4-C)			R ^{3.} R ⁴
30						
	<u> </u>			→		3
35	- -	and.				
	170-171	155-157	180-182	143.5-145.0	162-164	mp, deg. C
40				45.0	•	g, C
45	C ₂₀ H ₃₀ N ₂ O ₂	C ₁₉ H ₂₈ N ₂ O	C ₁₉ H ₂₁ N ₂ O	C ₂₅ H ₂₆ N ₂ O	C ₂₀ H ₂₂ N ₂ O ₃	Analysis
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Example H2 \supset 148-151 mp, deg. C $C_{26}H_{28}N_2O_2$

Example 109

Preparation of

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N-[1-[[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide

To a solution of Example 62 (1.2g, 3.16 mmol) in ethanol (10 ml) and concentrated hydrochloric acid (10 ml), tin (11) chloride monohydrate (2.15g, 9.5 mmol) was added. The resulting solution was heated (steam bath) for 30 min., cooled to room temperature and adjusted to pH 10.0 by careful addition of 1N potassium hydroxide solution. The resulting aqueous solution was extracted with methylene chloride. The organic extracts were separated; dried (Na₂SO₄) and evaporated to afford the crude amino derivative (820 mg).

To a stirred solution of the amino derivative (349 mg) in methylene chloride (10 ml) at -78°, triethylamine (0.5 ml) and methane sulphonyl chloride (0.1 ml) was added. The reaction mixture was allowed to attain room temperature and stirred for a further 15 mins. The reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ solution and extracted with methylene chloride. The organic extracts were separated, dried (Na₂SO₄) and evaporated in vacuo to afford the claimed compound (340 mg) recrystallized from ethylacetate, methylene chloride, methanol).

Anal. calcd for $C_{22}H_{25}N_3O_4S$, 0.6 CH_2CL_2 ; C 56.73, H, 5.52, N, 8.78. Found C, 56.39, H, 5.45, N, 80.71.

Example 110

Preparation of

7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide

Following the procedure of Example 109 the final product of Example 91 was converted to the title

compound.

Anal. calcd for $C_{22}H_{25}N_3O_4S$, C, 61.81, H, 5.89, N, 9.83. Found, C, 62.08, H, 5.89, N, 9.91.

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Example 111

10 Preparation of

$$H^{3}C - \stackrel{1}{s} - NH \qquad 0 \qquad NH \qquad N$$

$$NH \qquad 0$$

$$0 \qquad CH^{3}$$

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7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-N-[1-[[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide

Following the procedure of Example 109 the final product of Example 90 was converted to the title compound.

Cald. for C₂₂H₂₅N₃O₄S, 1H₂O, 1/4 EtOAc, C, 51.42, H, 5.75, N, 9.99, S, 11.44. Found C, 51.57, H, 5.50, N, 9.63, S, 11.52.

While the invention has been described and illustrated with reference to certain preparative embodiments thereof, those skilled in the art will appreciate that various changes, modifications and substitutions can be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. For example, effective dosages other than the preferred range as set forth herein above may be applicable as a consequence of variations in the responsiveness of the mammal being treated for severity of cardiac arrhythmia, dosage-related adverse effects, if any, and analogous considerations. Likewise, the specific pharmacological responses observed may vary according to and depending upon the particular active compounds selected or whether there are present certain pharmaceutical carriers, as well as the type of formulation and mode of administration employed, and such expected variations for differences in the results are contemplated in accordance with the objects and practices of the present invention. It is intended, therefore, that the invention be limited only by the scope of the claims which follow, and that such claims be interpreted as broadly as is reasonable.

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Claims

1. A compound of the general formula

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and the pharmaceutically acceptable non-toxic salts thereof, and the hydrated forms thereof, wherein R1 is

alkenyl or alkynyl of from one to ten carbon atoms; substituted or unsubstituted aralkenyl or aralkynyl of from one to ten carbon atoms and wherein said aryl substituent is one or more of alkoxy, nitro, halogen or alkylsulfonamide at any position with alkoxy or alkylsulfonamide of one to ten carbon atoms; arylamino; aryl fused to substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkyl of from three to eight carbon atoms wherein said cycloalklyl substituent can be halogen; arylcycloalkyl wherein cycloalkyl is from three to eight carbon atoms; substituted or unsubstituted benzofuranyl wherein said benzofuranyl substituent can be one or more of halogen, amino, nitro, alkoxy of from one to ten carbon atoms or alkylsulfonamido wherein the alkyl portionis 1 to 4 carbon atoms at any position; substituted or unsubstituted benzopyran wherein said substituent can be keto; thiophene; benzothiophene; substituted or unsubstituted indene or isoindene wherein said substituent is alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms; or substituted or unsubstituted unsaturated cycloheteroalkenyl wherein the cyclohetero ring consists of 4 to 6 carbon atoms wherein one or two of the said carbon atoms are replaced by nitrogen or oxygen and the substituents are selected from the group consisting of alkyl of from one to ten carbon atoms, halogen, amino, alkoxy of from one to ten carbon atoms or alkylcarboxylate wherein the alkyl is 1 to 6 carbon atoms; substituted or unsubstituted unsaturated cycloheteroalkynyl wherein the cyclohetero ring consists of 4 to 6 carbon atoms wherein one or two of the said carbon atoms are replaced by nitrogen or oxygen and the substituents are the same as those already described for the unsaturated cycloheteroalkenyl; with the proviso that when R2 is alkyl of 1 to 10 carbon atoms or oxygen R1 can also be aryl or substituted aryl wherein said aryl substituent is one or more of alkyl of from one to ten carbon atoms, halogen, amino or alkoxy of from one to ten carbon atoms.

n is an integer of from one to ten;

R² is unsubstituted or is alkyl of from one to ten carbon atoms or oxygen that is present as an N-oxide; R³ is hydrogen, carboxyalkyl of from one to ten carbon atoms or alkoxycarbonylalkyl of from one to ten carbon atoms;

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is hydrogen; pyridinyl; cycloalkyl of three to eight carbon atoms or hydroxy substituted cycloalkyl of three to eight carbon atoms; furanyl; or unsubstituted or substituted phenyl wherein said phenyl substituent is one or more of alkyl, halogen substituted alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms, alkoxy from one to ten carbon atoms, nitro, amine, mono or dialkylamine, acetyl amine, acetylamide, halogen, alkylsulfonamido wherein the alkyl portion is 1 to 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy itself substituted by halogen substituted phenyl or aryalkoxy of from one to ten carbon atoms in length wherein aryl may be substituted by halogen or alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms in length.

2. A compound according to Claim 1 which is selected from the group consisting of

N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]2E-buteneamide

N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-phenyl-2E-propenamide

3-phenyl-N-[1-[(propoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide

3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2Z-propenamide

3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl-2Z-propenamide, monohydrochloride 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide

5 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-2E-propenamide

N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]-2E-propenamide

3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl] -4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide

3-(2-furanyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide

3-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide

2-methylpropyl 4-[3-[[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]amino]-3-oxo-1E-propenyl]-1H-imidazole-1carboxylate

N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-(3-pyridinyl)-2E-propenamide

N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-phenyl-2-propynamide, monohydrochloride

N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide

2,3-dihydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-1H-indene-1-carboxamide

N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-methyl-1H-indene-2-carboxamide

1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-naphthalenecarboxamide

(-)1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-naphthalenecarboxamide

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(+)1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-naphthalenecarboxamide
    2,3-dihydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1- cyclohexylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
   N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl)-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-benzofurancarboxamide
   N-[1-{(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-3-piperidinyl-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    4-[(2-benzofuranylcarbonyl)amino]-1-[(4-methoxyphenyl) methyl]-1-methylpiperidinium iodide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide, N-oxide
    N-[1-[(4-propoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-nitrophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
15 N-[1-[[4-(acetylamino)phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    2-methyl-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    7-chloro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    5-chloro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    6-amino-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl] -2-benzofurancarboxamide
   N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-5-nitro -2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-6-nitro -Z-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(2,4-dimethoxphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
   N-[I-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-6-nitro -2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    7-methoxy-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide, monohydrochloride
   6,7-dimethoxy-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-oxo-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-4-oxo-4H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxamide, monohydrochloride
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-thiophenecarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzo[b]thiophenecarboxamide
   N-[1-[[4-[(4-chlorophenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methyl]-4-peperidinyl]benzamide
    N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide
    2,6-dichloro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]benzamide
    4-(benzoylamino)-1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-1-methylpiperidinium, iodide
   7-nitro-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    7-nitro-N-[1-[(4-nitrophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-N-[1-[[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-
    benzofurancarboxamide
    3. A pharmaceutical composition comprised of a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier in combination with a
    compound according to Claim 1.
    4. A composition according to Claim 3 wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting of
   N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl] 2E-buteneamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-phenyl-2E-propenamide
    3-phenyl-N-[1-[(propoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide
    3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2Z-propenamide
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3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl-2Z-propenamide, monohydrochloride

N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]-2E-propenamide

3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide

3-(2,6-dichlorophenyi)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl] -4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide

N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-(4-nitrophenyl]-2E-propenamide

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3-(2-furanyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide
 3-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide
 2-methylpropyl 4-[3-[[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]amino]-3-oxo-1E-propenyl]-1H-imidazole1-
 carboxylate
N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-(3-pyridinyl)-2E-propenamide
 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-phenyl-2-propynamide, monohydrochloride
 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide
 2,3-dihydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]- 1H-indene-1-carboxamide
 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-methyl-1H-indene-2-carboxamide
1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-naphthalenecarboxamide
 (-)1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-naphthalenecarboxamide
 (+)1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-naphthalenecarboxamide
 2,3-dihydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-2-benzofurancarboxamide
N-[1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl)-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-3-piperidinyl-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 4-[(2-benzofuranylcarbonyl)amino]-1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-1-methylpiperidinium iodide
 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide, N-oxide
 N-[1-[(4-propoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
N-[1-[(4-nitrophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[[4-(acetylamino)phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 2-methyl-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 7-chloro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 5-chloro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 6-amino-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl] -2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-5-nitro -2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-6-nitro -Z-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(2,4-dimethoxphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(4-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
  N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-6-nitro -2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 N-[1-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
  N-[1-[(4-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)methyl]-4piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
7-methoxy-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide, monohydrochloride
  6,7-dimethoxy-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
  N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-oxo-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxamide
  N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-4-oxo-4H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxamide, monohydrochloride
  N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-thiophenecarboxamide
 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzo[b]thiophenecarboxamide
  N-[1-[[4-[(4-chlorophenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methyl]-4-peperidinyl]benzamide
  N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide
  N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide
  2,6-dichloro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]benzamide
 4-(benzoylamino)-1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-1-methylpiperidinium, iodide
  7-nitro-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
  7-nitro-N-[1-[(4-nitrophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
  N-[1-[[4- (methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
  7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
 7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-N-[I-[[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-
  benzofurancarboxamide
  5. Use of a compound as claimed in Claim 1 for preparing a medicament for regulating cardiac arrhythmias
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in mammal.

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6. Use according to Claim 5 wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl 2E-buteneamide
    N-[1- 4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-phenyl-2E-propenamide
    3-phenyl-N-[1-[(propoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide
5 3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2Z-propenamide
    3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl-2Z-propenamide, monohydrochloride
    3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-2E-propenamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]-2E-propenamide
10 3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl] -4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide
    3-(2-furanyl)-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide
    3-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)-N-{(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2E-propenamide
    2-methylpropyl 4-[3-[[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]amino]-3-oxo-lE-propenyl]-1H-imidazole-1-
    carboxylate
15 N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-(3-pyridinyl)-2E-propenamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-phenyl-2-propynamide, monohydrochloride
    N-[1-{(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide
    2,3-dihydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-1H-indene-1-carboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-methyl-IH-indene-2-carboxamide
20 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-naphthalenecarboxamide
    (-)1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-naphthalenecarboxamide
    (+)1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-naphthalenecarboxamide
    2,3-dihydro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-2-benzofurancarboxamide
25 N-[1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl)-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
   N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-3-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-3-piperidinyl-2-benzofurancarboxamide
                                                                                                     N-[1-[(4-
    4-[(2-benzofuranylcarbonyl)amino]-1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-1-methylpiperidinium
                                                                                           iodide
    methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide, N-oxide
    N-[1-[(4-propoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
   N-[1-[(4-nitrophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[[4-(acetylamino)phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    2-methyl-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    7-chloro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    5-chloro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
   6-amino-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl] -2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-5-nitro -2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-6-nitro -Z-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(2,4-dimethoxphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2benzofurancarboxamide
   N-[1-[(4-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-6-nitro -2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-N,N-dimethylaminophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
   7-methoxy-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide, monohydrochloride
    6,7-dimethoxy-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-oxo-2H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxamide
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-4-oxo-4H-1-benzopyran-3-carboxamide, monohydrochloride
    N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-thiophenecarboxamide
   N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzo[b]thiophenecarboxamide
    N-[1-[[4-[(4-chlorophenyl)methoxy]phenyl]methyl]-4-peperidinyl]benzamide
    N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-!,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide
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N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide

5	2,6-dichloro-N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]benzamide 4-(benzoylamino)-1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-1-methylpiperidinium, iodide 7-nitro-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide 7-nitro-N-[1-[(4-nitrophenyl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide N-[1-[[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide 7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-N-[1-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide 7-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-N-[1-[[4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-2-benzofurancarboxamide
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PARTIAL EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

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which under Rule 45 of the European Patent Convention shall be considered, for the purposes of subsequent proceedings, as the European search report

EP 90 11 7085

Application number

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Category		ith indication, where appropriate, want passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. CI 4)
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	* Entire publi compound 15,	cation; especially table II *	1-6	
				•
X,P		(FABRICA ESPANOLA UIMICOS Y FARMA-	·	
		cation; especially examples 9,10,16 *	1-6	
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the provision a mear Claims sea Claims sea Claims not Reason for	ions of the European Patent Conve	nt European patent application does not contion to such an extent that it is not possible on the basis of some of the claims.	omply with ole to carry	
	Place of search THE HAGUE	Date of completion of the search $15-11-1990$		Examiner KISSLER
Y : part doc A : tecl	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCU ticularly relevant if taken alone ticularly relevant if combined we turnent of the same category annological background awritten disclosure	E: earlier pate after the fill fith another D: document of L: document	int document, ling date cited in the app cited for other	ying the invention but published on, or

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	DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl. 4)
alegory	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	
A	GB-A-1 537 867 (WYETH)		
	* Abstract; examples 1,2; claim 1 *	1-6	
A	LU-A- 78 630 (ANPHAR)		
	* Entire document; especially examples 2,3,4,5; claim 1 *	1-6	
x	CH-A- 628 885 (ANPHAR)		TECHNICAL FIELDS
	* Entire document; especially claims 18,19 and examples 1-10 *	1-6	SEARCHED (Int. CI.4)
			
X,P	CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 112, 1990, page 575, abstract no. 35802w, Columbus, Ohio, US; M. KITAZAWA et al.: "Studies on the synthesis of antiulcer agents. IV. Synthesis and antiulcer activity of dihydrobenzofuranone derivatives", & YAKUGAKU ZASSHI 1989, 109(4), 232-40		••
	* Entire abstract *	1-6	
			
X	CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 106, 1987, page 728, abstract no. 196262m, Columbus, Ohio, US; & JP-A-62 12 757 (YOSHITOMI PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES LTD) 21-01-1987		
•	* Entire abstract *	1-6	
			
A	FR-A-2 534 255 (DELALANDE)		
	* Abstract *	1-6	



Obscurities and contradictions (Art. 84, EPC)

- 1. Claim 1 shows chemical contradictions such as "alkenyl or alkynyl of from one to 10 carbon atoms;" or "aralkenyl or aralkynyl of from one to 10 carbon atoms".
- 2. Claim 1, page 55, lines 7-22, lacks concise definition and it is hence impossible to search all the compounds that fall within this definition.
- 3. Due to the large variety of substituents and the substitution pattern on the piperidine ring a meaningful and comprehensive search is not possible.
 - Only N-benzyl-4-amido piperidines have been searched.

Inconsistencies

The benzamide derivatives of claim 2 (p.64/65) and claim 4 (p.73/74) are inconsistent with the definition in claim 1 and have not been searched.

* and claim 6 (p.83)

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